RebarLite MESH TM

One Dream. One Team. Numesh



The structural welded wire mesh the construction industry has been waiting for has arrived!

RebarLite Mesh™

Numesh designed a unique **engineered structural welded wire mesh with the capacity to replace 10M and 15M** rebar in structural slabs, slabs-on-grade, and more...



"Empower your progress with Rebarlite Mesh™ where time-saving innovation meets lighter workloads: reduce risks of injury and environmental impacts while enhancing economic efficiency."

Rebarlite Mesh™ can be used in all structural applications, such as HIGH RISE BUILDING structural floor slabs, SLAB ON GRADE of commercial and industrial facilities, and more!

What is Rebarlite Mesh™?

It compliments or replaces typical 10M and 15M rebar with a structural welded wire mesh, D6.5 to D25.5 with 6x6, 8x8, and 12x12 wire spacings. The benefit easily justifies the conversion:

- Up to 27% less steel used
- Reduce risk of injury from repetitive movements
- Lower project carbon footprint
- Consistent bar spacing and welded bar intersections improves site approvals
- Accelerate execution on-site and improve productivity
- Reduce concrete shrinkage cracks
- Cost effective

STRUCTURAL MESH 6"x6"- D13/D13 - EQUIVALENT 15M at 300 mm

TECHNICAL INFORMATION:

1.Welded Wire Yield Strength = 500 MPa (CSA A23.3-19 - Cl. 8.5.1)

2.Wire Cross-Sectional Area, D13 = 83.9 mm²

3.Grade 400 Rebar Conversion Calculation

Moment resistance and Compression block:

$$M_r = \phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_s - \frac{a}{2}\right)$$

$$a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f'_c \cdot b}$$

$$a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f'_c \cdot k}$$

The yield strength and steel area are proportionally related. Therefore, an increase in the yield strength is proportionally related to a decrease in the steel area for an equal moment resistance.

Equivalent Area for 15M @ 300 mm: 200 mm² x 1000 mm / 300 mm = 667 mm² per metre

667 mm² x 400 MPa / 500 MPa = 533 mm² per metre

Area of D13 @ 6 inch:

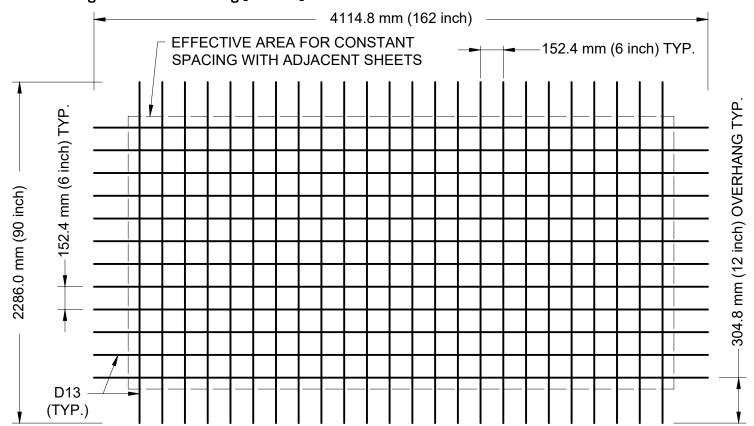
 $83.9 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ x } 1000 \text{ mm} / 152.4 \text{ mm} = 550 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$

Area reduction = $100\% - 550 \text{ mm}^2 / 667 \text{ mm}^2 = 17.5\%$

Rebar replacement and steel area reduction to be verified and approved by design engineer.

4.Effective coverage area = 1.83 m x 3.66 m [6.0 ft x 12.0 ft] = 6.69 m² [72.0 ft²]

5.Total weight of sheet = 68.6 kg [151 lb]



STRUCTURAL MESH 8"x 8"- D17/D17 - EQUIVALENT 15M at 300 mm

TECHNICAL INFORMATION:

1.Welded Wire Yield Strength = 500 MPa (CSA A23.3-19 - Cl. 8.5.1)

2.Wire Cross-Sectional Area, D17 = 109.7 mm²

3.Grade 400 Rebar Conversion Calculation

Moment resistance and Compression block:

$$M_r = \phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_s - \frac{a}{2} \right) \qquad a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f'_c \cdot b}$$

$$a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f'_c \cdot b}$$

The yield strength and steel area are proportionally related. Therefore, an increase in the yield strength is proportionally related to a decrease in the steel area for an equal moment resistance.

Equivalent Area for 15M @ 300 mm: 200 mm² x 1000 mm / 300 mm = 667 mm² per metre

667 mm² x 400 MPa / 500 MPa = 533 mm² per metre

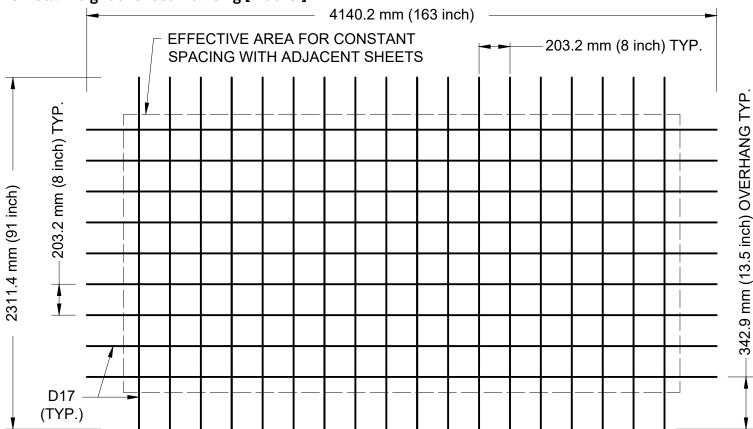
Area of D17 @ 8 inch: $109.7 \text{mm}^2 \text{ x } 1000 \text{ mm} / 203.2 \text{ mm} = 540 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$

Area reduction = $100\% - 540 \text{ mm}^2 / 667 \text{ mm}^2 = 19.0\%$

Rebar replacement and steel area reduction to be verified and approved by design engineer.

4.Effective coverage area = 1.83 m x 3.66 m [6.0 ft x 12.0 ft] = 6.69 m² [72.0 ft²]

5. Total weight of sheet = 67.8 kg [150 lb]



STRUCTURAL MESH 12"x12"- D25.5/D25.5 - EQUIVALENT 15M at 300 mm

TECHNICAL INFORMATION:

1.Welded Wire Yield Strength = 500 MPa (CSA A23.3-19 - Cl. 8.5.1)

2.Wire Cross-Sectional Area, D25.5 = 164.5 mm²

3.Grade 400 Rebar Conversion Calculation

Moment resistance and Compression block:

$$M_r = \phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_s - \frac{a}{2} \right) \qquad a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f_c \cdot b}$$

$$a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f_c \cdot b}$$

The yield strength and steel area are proportionally related. Therefore, an increase in the yield strength is proportionally related to a decrease in the steel area for an equal moment resistance.

Equivalent Area for 15M @ 300 mm: $200 \text{ mm}^2 \times 1000 \text{ mm} / 300 \text{ mm} = 667 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$

667 mm² x 400 MPa / 500 MPa = 533 mm² per metre

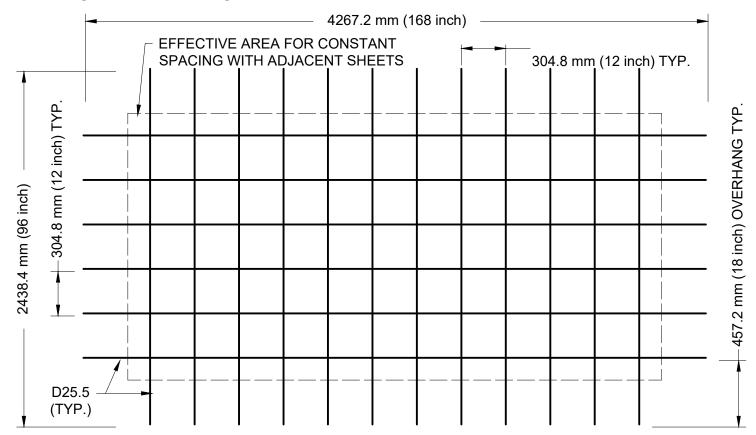
 $164.5 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ x } 1000 \text{ mm} / 304.8 \text{ mm} = 540 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$ Area of D25.5 @ 12 inch:

Area reduction = 100% - 540 mm² / 667 mm² = 19.0%

Rebar replacement and steel area reduction to be verified and approved by design engineer.

4.Effective coverage area = 1.83 m x 3.66 m [6.0 ft x 12.0 ft] = 6.69 m² [72.0 ft²]

5.Total weight of sheet = 70.8 kg [156 lb]



STRUCTURAL MESH 6"x 6"- D6.5/D6.5 - EQUIVALENT 10M at 300 mm

TECHNICAL INFORMATION:

1.Welded Wire Yield Strength = 500 MPa (CSA A23.3-19 - Cl. 8.5.1)

2.Wire Cross-Sectional Area, D6.5 = 41.9 mm²

3. Grade 400 Rebar Conversion Calculation

Moment resistance and Compression block:

$$M_r = \phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_s - \frac{a}{2}\right)$$
 $a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f'_c \cdot b}$

$$a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f'_c \cdot b}$$

The yield strength and steel area are proportionally related. Therefore, an increase in the yield strength is proportionally related to a decrease in the steel area for an equal moment resistance.

Equivalent Area for 10M @ 300 mm : $100 \text{ mm}^2 \times 1000 \text{ mm} / 300 \text{ mm} = 333 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$

 $333 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ x } 400 \text{ MPa} / 500 \text{ MPa} = 267 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$

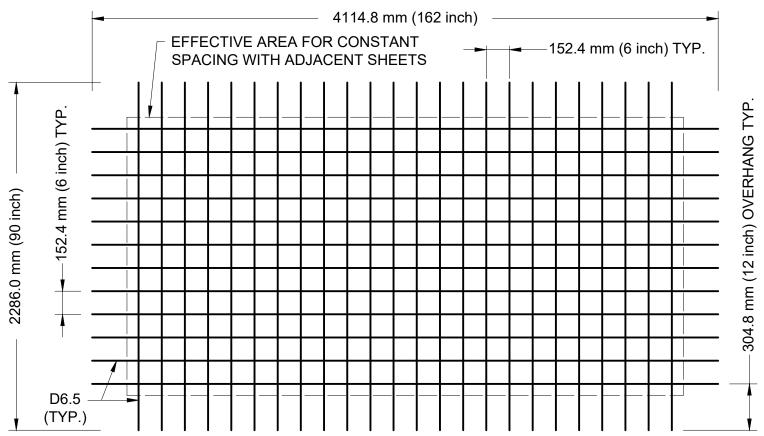
 $41.9 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ x } 1000 \text{ mm} / 152.4 \text{ mm} = 275 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$ Area of D6.5 @ 6 inch:

Area reduction = $100\% - 275 \text{ mm}^2 / 333 \text{ mm}^2 = 17.4\%$

Rebar replacement and steel area reduction to be verified and approved by design engineer.

4.Effective coverage area = 1.83 m x 3.66 m [6.0 ft x 12.0 ft] = 6.69 m² [72.0 ft²]

5.Total weight of sheet = 34.3 kg [76 lb]



STRUCTURAL MESH 8"x 8"- D8.5/D8.5 - EQUIVALENT 10M at 300 mm TECHNICAL INFORMATION:

1.Welded Wire Yield Strength = 500 MPa (CSA A23.3-19 - Cl. 8.5.1)

2.Wire Cross-Sectional Area, D8.5 = 54.8 mm²

3.Grade 400 Rebar Conversion Calculation

Moment resistance and Compression block:

$$M_r = \phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_s - \frac{a}{2}\right)$$
 $a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f'_c \cdot b}$

$$a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f_c \cdot b}$$

The yield strength and steel area are proportionally related. Therefore, an increase in the yield strength is proportionally related to a decrease in the steel area for an equal moment resistance.

Equivalent Area for 10M @ 300 mm: $100 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ x } 1000 \text{ mm} / 300 \text{ mm} = 333 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$

 $333 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ x } 400 \text{ MPa} / 500 \text{ MPa} = 267 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$

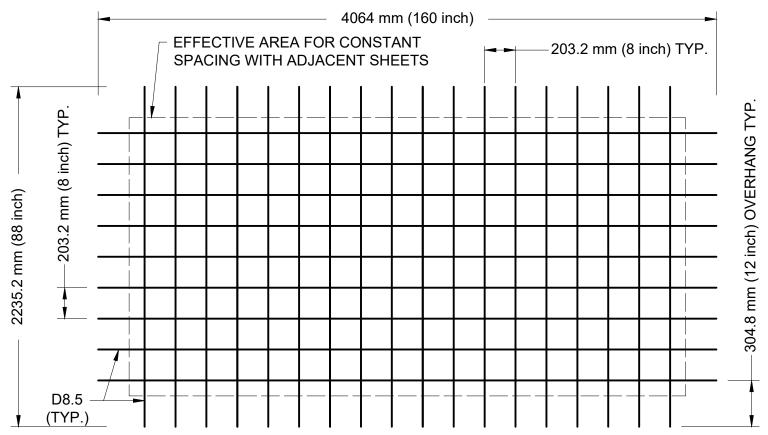
 $54.8 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ x } 1000 \text{ mm} / 203.2 \text{ mm} = 270 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$ Area of D8.5 @ 8 inch:

Area reduction = $100\% - 270 \text{ mm}^2 / 333 \text{ mm}^2 = 18.9\%$

Rebar replacement and steel area reduction to be verified and approved by design engineer.

4.Effective coverage area = 1.83 m x 3.66 m [6.0 ft x 12.0 ft] = 6.69 m² [72.0 ft²]

5.Total weight of sheet = 33.0 kg [73 lb]



STRUCTURAL MESH 12"x12"- D13/D13 - EQUIVALENT 10M at 300 mm

TECHNICAL INFORMATION:

1.Welded Wire Yield Strength = 500 MPa (CSA A23.3-19 - Cl. 8.5.1)

2.Wire Cross-Sectional Area, D13 = 83.9 mm²

3.Grade 400 Rebar Conversion Calculation

Moment resistance and Compression block:

$$M_r = \phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_s - \frac{a}{2}\right) \qquad a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f'_c \cdot b}$$

$$a = \frac{\phi_s \cdot A_s \cdot f_y}{\alpha_1 \cdot \phi_c \cdot f'_c \cdot b}$$

The yield strength and steel area are proportionally related. Therefore, an increase in the yield strength is proportionally related to a decrease in the steel area for an equal moment resistance.

Equivalent Area for 10M @ 300 mm: 100 mm² x 1000 mm / 300 mm = 333 mm² per metre

 $333 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ x } 400 \text{ MPa} / 500 \text{ MPa} = 267 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ per metre}$

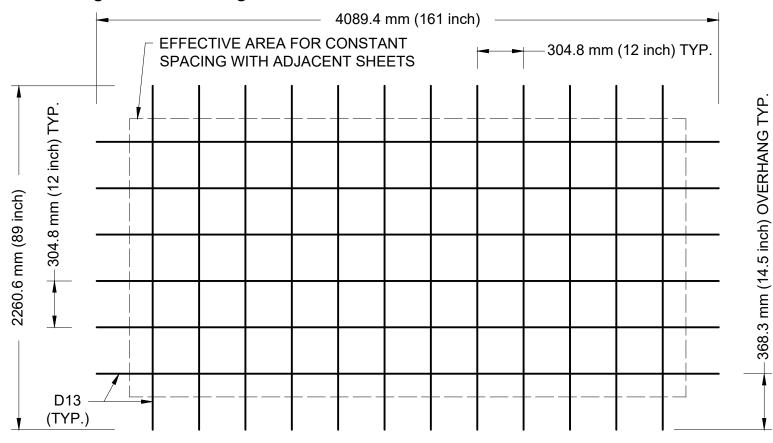
Area of D13 @ 12 inch: $83.9 \, \text{mm}^2 \, \text{x} \, 1000 \, \text{mm} \, / \, 304.8 \, \text{mm} = 275 \, \text{mm}^2 \, \text{per metre}$

Area reduction = $100\% - 275 \text{ mm}^2 / 333 \text{ mm}^2 = 17.4\%$

Rebar replacement and steel area reduction to be verified and approved by design engineer.

4.Effective coverage area = 1.83 m x 3.66 m [6.0 ft x 12.0 ft] = 6.69 m² [72.0 ft²]

5.Total weight of sheet = 34.0 kg [75 lb]

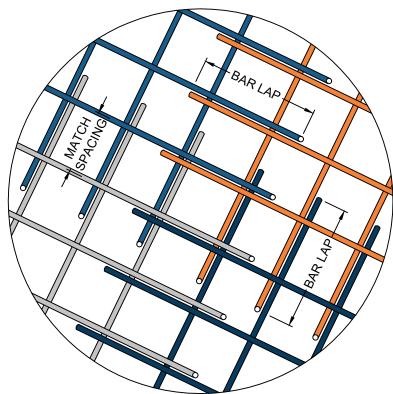


Development length

Minimum development length and Class B lap splice per CSA A23.3 - 19.

For typical concrete slabs, use the simplified development length in clause 12.2.3 and Table 12.1:

$$l_d = 0.45 \cdot k_1 \cdot k_2 \cdot k_3 \cdot k_4 \cdot \frac{f_y}{\sqrt{f'_c}} \cdot d_b$$



Mesh intersection bar lap detail

Table 1 Development length and Class B lap splice of RebarLite Mesh™

| Mesh Type | Wire | Simplified | Class B Lap Splice (mm) | Overhang Provided | | Lap Splice Provided | |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| | Diameter (mm) | Development Length (mm) | | mm | inch | mm | inch |
| RebarLite Mesh™ 15 | | | | | | | |
| 6"x6" - D13/D13 | 10.3 | 320 | 420 | 304.8 | 12 | 457.2 | 18 |
| 8"x8" - D17/D17 | 11.8 | 360 | 470 | 342.9 | 13.5 | 482.6 | 19 |
| 12"x12" - D25.5/D25.5 | 14.5 | 450 | 590 | 457.2 | 18 | 609.6 | 24 |
| RebarLite Mesh™ 10 | | | | | | | |
| 6"x6" - D6.5/D6.5 | 7.3 | 300 | 390 | 304.8 | 12 | 457.2 | 18 |
| 8"x8" - D8.5/D8.5 | 8.4 | 300 | 390 | 304.8 | 12 | 406.4 | 16 |
| 12"x12" - D13/D13 | 10.3 | 320 | 420 | 368.3 | 14.5 | 431.8 | 17 |

- Simplified development length is for concrete strength, f'c, of 35 MPa or greater and steel yield strength, fv, of 500 MPa
- Modification factors (k₁, k₂, k₃, and k₄) as per Clause 12.2.3 (CSA A23.3-19) for normal bar location, typical uncoated reinforcement, normal density concrete, and bar size smaller than 20M
- Class B lap splice as per Clause 12.15 (CSA A23.3-19)
- Lap splice provided = 2 x overhang centre-to-centre spacing

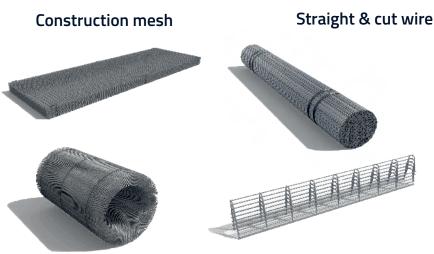


Reach out to us for alternative solutions and to explore our complete range of products.

We are committed to delivering high-quality products to meet valued clients' needs and the range of industries we are proud to serve.

Construction Mesh

Efficient, industry-tailored wire mesh solutions that save on labor costs and time, while enhancing stress transfer, minimizing crack widths, and delivering cleaner finished surfaces.



Pipe and manhole mesh

Continuous high chairs

Mining mesh



Mining

Our mine mesh ensures miner safety with superior rigidity, easy installation, and compatibility with shotcrete for effective application.

Infrastructure - Engineered Welded Wire

Our industry experts specialize in structural concrete reinforcement, offering efficient project delivery for various needs, including suspended slabs, slabs-on-grade, footings, tunnels, bridges and culverts.

Coils for cage-welding machines



Engineered welded wire







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